



RESOLUTION 2023-07

A RESOLUTION TO ACCEPT THE MATERIAL TERMS OF THE ONEOHIO SUBDIVISION SETTLEMENT PURSUANT TO THE ONEOHIO MEMORANDUM OF UNDERSTANDING AND CONSISTENT WITH THE TERMS OF THE NATIONAL OPIOID SETTLEMENT AGREEMENT, AND DECLARING AN EMERGENCY.

WHEREAS, the City of Powell, Ohio (Herein "Municipality") is a municipal entity formed and organized pursuant to the Constitution and laws of the State of Ohio; and

WHEREAS, the people of the State of Ohio and its communities have been harmed by misfeasance, nonfeasance and malfeasance committed by certain entities within the Opioid Pharmaceutical Supply Chain; and

WHEREAS, the State of Ohio, through its Attorney General, and certain Local Governments, through their elected representatives and counsel, are separately engaged in litigation seeking to hold Opioid Pharmaceutical Supply Chain Participants accountable for the damage caused by their misfeasance, nonfeasance and malfeasance; and

WHEREAS, the State of Ohio, through its Governor and Attorney General, and its Local Governments share a common desire to abate and alleviate the impacts of that misfeasance, nonfeasance and malfeasance throughout the State of Ohio; and

WHEREAS, the State and its Local Governments, subject to completing formal documents effectuating the Parties Agreements, have drafted and the City of Powell has adopted, and hereby reaffirms its adoption of, a OneOhio Memorandum of Understanding ("MOU") relating to the allocation and the use of the proceeds of any potential settlements described; and

WHEREAS, the MOU has been collaboratively drafted to maintain all individual claims while allowing the State and Local Governments to cooperate in exploring all possible means of resolution; and

WHEREAS, the Council understands that an additional purpose of the MOU is to create an effective means of distributing any potential settlement funds obtained under the MOU between the State of Ohio and Local Governments in a manner and means that would promote an effective and meaningful use of the funds in abating the opioid epidemic throughout Ohio, as well as to permit collaboration and explore potentially effectuation earlier resolution of the Opioid Litigation against Opioid Pharmaceutical Supply Chain Participants; and

WHEREAS, nothing in the MOU binds any party to a specific outcome, but rather, any resolution under the MOU requires acceptance by the State of Ohio and the Local Governments; and

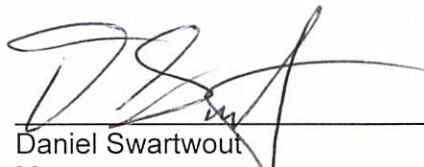
WHEREAS, Council wishes to agree to the material terms of the proposed National Opioid Distributor Settlement Agreement with the Settling Distributors (The "Proposed Settlement").

NOW THEREFORE BE IT RESOLVED BY THE CITY OF POWELL, COUNTY OF DELAWARE, STATE OF OHIO, AS FOLLOWS:

Section 1: That City council hereby accepts and authorizes the Proposed Settlement on behalf of the City of Powell, pursuant to the terms of the OneOhio MOU, and authorizes the City Manager to execute the same and to do all things necessary to opt in to the settlement.

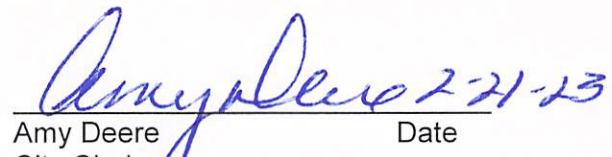
Section 2: It is hereby found and determined that all formal actions of this Council concerning and relating to the passage of this Resolution were adopted in an open meeting of Council and that all deliberations of Council and any of the decision making bodies of the City of Powell which resulted in such formal actions were in meetings open to the public in compliance with all legal requirements of the City of Powell, Delaware County, Ohio.

Section 3: This Resolution is hereby declared to be an emergency measure, necessary for the preservation of the public peace, health, welfare and safety of the City of Powell. The reason for the emergency is to ensure prompt pursuit of funds to assist in abating the opioid epidemic throughout Ohio.



Daniel Swartwout
Mayor

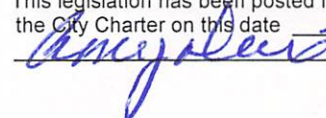
2-21-23
Date



Amy Deere
City Clerk

2-21-23
Date

EFFECTIVE DATE: February 21, 2023

This legislation has been posted in accordance with the City Charter on this date 2-22-23


City Clerk



ONE OHIO MEMORANDUM OF UNDERSTANDING

Whereas, the people of the State of Ohio and its communities have been harmed by misfeasance, nonfeasance and malfeasance committed by certain entities within the Pharmaceutical Supply Chain; and,

Whereas, the State of Ohio, though its Attorney General, and certain Local Governments, through their elected representatives and counsel, are separately engaged in litigation seeking to hold Pharmaceutical Supply Chain Participants accountable for the damage caused by their misfeasance, nonfeasance and malfeasance; and,

Whereas, the State of Ohio, through its Governor and Attorney General, and its Local Governments share a common desire to abate and alleviate the impacts of that misfeasance, nonfeasance and malfeasance throughout the State of Ohio;

Now therefore, the State and its Local Governments, subject to completing formal documents effectuating the Parties' agreements, enter into this Memorandum of Understanding ("MOU") relating to the allocation and use of the proceeds of Settlements described.

A. Definitions

As used in this MOU:

1. "The State" shall mean the State of Ohio acting through its Governor and Attorney General.
2. "Local Government(s)" shall mean all counties, townships, cities and villages within the geographic boundaries of the State of Ohio.
3. "The Parties" shall mean the State of Ohio, the Local Governments and the Plaintiffs' Executive Committee of the National Prescription Opiate Multidistrict Litigation.
4. "Negotiating Committee" shall mean a three-member group comprising one representative for each of (1) the State; (2) the Plaintiffs' Executive Committee of the National Prescription Opiate Multidistrict Litigation ("PEC"); and (3) Ohio Local Governments (collectively, "Members"). The State shall be represented by the Ohio Attorney General or his designee. The PEC shall be represented by attorney Joe Rice or his designee. Ohio Local Governments shall be represented by attorney Frank Gallucci, or attorney Russell Budd or their designee.
5. "Settlement" shall mean the negotiated resolution of legal or equitable claims against a Pharmaceutical Supply Chain Participant when that resolution has been jointly entered into by the State, PEC and the Local Governments.

6. “Opioid Funds” shall mean monetary amounts obtained through a Settlement as defined in this Memorandum of Understanding.
7. “Approved Purpose(s)” shall mean evidence-based forward-looking strategies, programming and services used to (i) expand the availability of treatment for individuals affected by substance use disorders, (ii) develop, promote and provide evidence-based substance use prevention strategies, (iii) provide substance use avoidance and awareness education, (iv) decrease the oversupply of licit and illicit opioids, and (v) support recovery from addiction services performed by qualified and appropriately licensed providers, as is further set forth in the agreed Opioid Abatement Strategies attached as Exhibit A. For purposes of the Local Government Share, “Approved Purpose(s)” will also include past expenditures.
8. “Pharmaceutical Supply Chain” shall mean the process and channels through which Controlled Substances are manufactured, marketed, promoted, distributed or dispensed.
9. “Pharmaceutical Supply Chain Participant” shall mean any entity that engages in or has engaged in the manufacture, marketing, promotion, distribution or dispensing of an opioid analgesic.

B. Allocation of Settlement Proceeds

1. All Opioid Funds shall be divided with 30% going to Local Governments (“LG Share”), 55% to the Foundation (structure described below) (“Foundation Share”), and 15% to the Office of the Ohio Attorney General as Counsel for the State of Ohio (“State Share”).
2. All Opioid Funds, regardless of allocation, shall be utilized in a manner consistent with the Approved Purposes definition. The LG Share may also be used for past expenditures so long as the expenditures were made for purposes consistent with the remaining provisions of the Approved Purposes definition. Prior to using any portion of the LG Share as restitution for past expenditures, a Local Government shall pass a resolution or take equivalent governmental action that explains its determination that its prior expenditures for Approved Purposes are greater than or equal to the amount of the LG Share that the Local Government seeks to use for restitution.
3. The division of Opioid Funds paid to Local Governments participating in an individual settlement shall be based on the allocation created and agreed to by the Local Governments which assigns each Local Government a percentage share of Opioid Funds. The allocations are set forth in Exhibit B. With respect to Opioid Funds, the allocation shall be static.
4. In the event a Local Government merges, dissolves, or ceases to exist, the allocation percentage for that Local Government shall be redistributed equitably based on the

composition of the successor Local Government. If a Local Government for any reason is excluded from a specific settlement, the allocation percentage for that Local Government shall be redistributed equitably among the participating Local Governments.

5. If the LG Share is less than \$500, then that amount will instead be distributed to the county in which the Local Government lies to allow practical application of the abatement remedy.
6. Funds obtained from parties unrelated to the Litigation, via grant, bequest, gift or the like, separate and distinct from the Litigation, may be directed to the Foundation and disbursed as set forth below.
7. The LG Share shall be paid in cash and directly to Local Governments under a settlement or judgment, or through an administrator designated in the settlement documents who shall hold the funds in trust in a segregated account to benefit the Local Governments to be promptly distributed as set forth herein.
8. Nothing in this MOU should alter or change any Local Government's rights to pursue its own claim. Rather, the intent of this MOU is to join all parties to seek and negotiate binding settlement or settlements with one or more defendants for all parties within Ohio.
9. Opioid Funds directed to the Foundation shall be used to benefit the local community consistent with the by-laws of the Foundation documents and disbursed as set forth below.
10. The State of Ohio and the Local Governments understand and acknowledge that additional steps should be undertaken to assist the Foundation in its mission, at a predictable level of funding, regardless of external factors.
11. The Parties will take the necessary steps to ensure there is the ability of a direct right of action under the expedited docket rules to the Ohio Supreme Court relative to any alleged abuse of discretion by the Foundation.

C. Payment of Counsel and Litigation Expenses

1. The Parties agree to establish a Local Government Fee Fund ("LGFF") to compensate counsel for Local Governments if the Parties cannot secure the separate payment of fees and associated litigation expenses for their counsel from a settling entity.
2. The LGFF shall be calculated by taking 11.05% of the total monetary component of any settlement accepted ("LGFF Amount"). Fees related to product or other items of value shall be addressed case by case.

3. The first 45% of the LGFF amount shall be drawn from the LG Share. The remaining 55% shall be drawn from the Foundation Share. No portion of the LGFF Amount may be assessed against or drawn from the State Share.
4. To the extent the Parties can secure the separate payment of fees and associated litigation expenses from a settling entity, the amount to be drawn for the LGFF will be proportionally reduced.
5. This LGFF Amount will be deposited into the LGFF and shall be utilized for purposes of satisfying Local Government contingent fee contracts. In the absence of a National Prescription Opiate MDL settlement with any defendant settling through this One Ohio Memorandum of Understanding, the LGFF may be subject to a common benefit assessment. In the event of a common benefit assessment, the assessment shall be paid from the LGFF and in no instance shall an assessment cause the LGFF to be more than 11.05% of the total monetary component of any settlement accepted. In no instance shall any assessment be collected from the State Share, Foundation Share or Local Government Share.
6. Local Government contingent fee contracts shall be capped at 25% or the actual contract rate whichever is less. Eligible contingent fee contracts shall be executed as of March 6, 2020 and subject to review by the committee designated to oversee the Local Government Fee Fund.
7. Common Benefit awards will be coordinated as set forth in the M.D.L. Common Benefit Fee Order. Expenses will be addressed consistent with the manner utilized in the M.D.L.
8. Any balance left in the LGFF following the payment of fees shall revert to the Foundation.
9. Any attorney fees related to representation of the State of Ohio shall not be paid from the LGFF but paid directly from the State Share or through other sources.

D. The Foundation

1. The State of Ohio will be divided into 19 Regions (See attached Exhibit C). Eight of the regions will be single or two county metropolitan regions. Eleven of the regions will be multi-county, non-metropolitan regions.
2. Each Region shall create their own governance structure so it ensures all Local Governments have input and equitable representation regarding regional decisions including representation on the board and selection of projects to be funded from the region's Regional Share. The Expert Panel (defined below) may consult with and may make recommendations to Regions on projects to be funded. Regions shall have the responsibility to make decisions that will allocate funds to projects that will equitably serve the needs of the entire Region.

3. The Parties shall create a private 501(c)(3) foundation (“Foundation”) with a governing board (“Board”), a panel of experts (“Expert Panel”), and such other regional entities as may be necessary for the purpose of receiving and disbursing Opioid Funds and other purposes as set forth both herein and in the documents establishing the Foundation. The Foundation will allow Local Governments to take advantage of economies of scale and will partner with the State of Ohio to increase revenue streams.
4. **Board Composition**
 - a. The Board will consist of 29 members comprising representation from four classes:
 - Six members selected by the State (five selected by the Governor and one selected by the Attorney General);
 - Four members drawn from the Legislature
 - One representative selected by the President of the Ohio Senate;
 - One representative selected by the Ohio Senate Minority Leader;
 - One representative selected by the Speaker of the Ohio House of Representatives; and,
 - One representative selected by the Ohio House Minority Leader
 - Eleven members with one member selected from each non-metropolitan Regions; and
 - Eight members, with one member selected from each metropolitan Regions.
 - b. All board members shall serve as fiduciaries of the Foundation as required by Ohio Revised Code § 1702.30(B) governing directors of nonprofit corporations.
5. Board terms will be staggered. Five members, (one from each of the first three classes above, and two from the metropolitan class) will be appointed for an initial three-year term, eight members of the Board (two from the first class, including the Attorney General’s representative, one from the second class, four from the third class, and one from the fourth class) will be appointed for an initial term of one

year. The remaining members will be appointed for a two-year term. Board members may be reappointed. All subsequent terms will be for two years.

6. Eighteen members of the Board shall constitute a quorum. Members of the Board may participate in meetings by telephone or video conference or may select a designee to attend and vote if the Board member is unavailable to attend a board meeting.
7. In all votes of the Board, a measure shall pass if a quorum is present, the measure receives the affirmative votes from a majority of those board members voting, and at least one member from each of the four classes of Board members votes in the affirmative.
8. The Foundation shall have an Executive Director appointed by the Governor.
 - a. The Governor shall appoint the Executive Director at his or her discretion from a list of three candidates provided to the Governor by the Board. If the Governor finds all three candidates to be unsatisfactory, the Governor may reject all three candidates and request the Board to provide three new persons to select from.
 - b. In choosing candidates to be submitted to the Governor, the Board shall seek candidates with at least six (6) years of experience in addiction, mental health and/or public health and who shall have management experience in those fields.
 - c. No funds derived from the Foundation Share shall be used to pay the Executive Director or any of the foundation staff in excess of the maximum range (range 42) of the Department of Administrative Services Exempt Schedule E2 or that schedule's successor.
 - d. The Executive Director shall serve as an ex officio, non-voting member of both the Board and the Expert Panel.
9. The Board shall appoint the Expert Panel. The Expert Panel shall consist of six members submitted by the Board Members representing the Local Governments, two members submitted by the Governor and one member submitted by the Attorney General. Expert Panel members may be members of Local Governments or the State. The Expert Panel will utilize experts in addiction, pain management, public health and other opioid related fields to make recommendations that will seek to ensure that all 19 regions can address the opioid epidemic both locally and statewide. Expert Panel members may also be members of the Foundation Board, but need not be.
10. The Foundation Board and the Regions shall be guided by the recognition that expenditures should ensure both the efficient and effective abatement of the opioid

epidemic and the prevention of future addiction and substance misuse. In recognition of these core principles, the Board and the Regions shall endeavor to assure there are funds disbursed each year to support evidence-based substance abuse/misuse prevention efforts.

11. Disbursement of Foundation Funds by the Board

- a. The Foundation Board shall develop and approve procedures for the disbursement of Opioid Funds of the Foundation consistent with this Memorandum of Understanding.
- b. Funds for statewide programs, innovation, research, and education may also be expended by the Foundation. Any statewide programs funded from the Foundation Share would be only as directed by an affirmative vote of the Board as set forth in paragraph D(7) above. Expenditures for these purposes may also be funded by the Foundation with funds received from either the State Share (as directed by the State) or from sources other than Opioid Funds as provided in paragraph 14 below.
- c. Funds approved for disbursement to the nineteen Regions shall be allocated based on each Region's share of Opioid Funds ("Regional Share"). Each Regional Share shall be calculated by summing the individual percentage shares of the Local Governments within that Region as set forth in Exhibit B. The Regional Shares for each Region are set forth in Exhibit D.
- d. Regions may collaborate with other Regions to submit joint proposals to be paid for from the Regional Shares of two or more Regions for the use of those Regions.
- e. The Foundation's procedures shall set forth the role of the Expert Panel and the Board in advising, determining, and/or approving disbursements of Opioid Funds for Approved Purposes by either the Board or the Regions. Proposed disbursements to Regions of Regional Shares shall be reviewed only to determine whether the proposed disbursement meets the criteria for Approved Purposes.
- f. Within 90 days of the first receipt of any Opioid Funds and annually thereafter, the Board, assisted by its investment advisors and Expert Panel, shall determine the amount and timing of Foundation funds to be distributed as Regional Shares. In making this determination, the Board shall consider: (a) Pending requests for Opioid Funds from Regions; (b) the total Opioid Funds available; (c) the timing of anticipated receipts of future Opioid Funds; (d) non-Opioid Funds received by the Foundation; and (e) investment income. The Foundation may disburse its principal and interest with the aim towards an efficient, expeditious abatement of the Opioid crisis considering long term and short term strategies.

- g. Votes of the Board on the disbursement and expenditure of funds shall, as with all board votes, be subject to the voting procedures in Section D(7) above. The proposed procedures should provide for the Board to hear appeals by Local Governments from any denials of requested use of funds.
- 12. The Foundation, Expert Panel, and any other entities under the supervision of the Foundation shall operate in a transparent manner. Meetings shall be open, and documents shall be public to the same extent they would be if the Foundation was a public entity. All operations of the Foundation and all Foundation supervised entities shall be subject to audit. The bylaws of the Foundation Board regarding governance of the Board as adopted by the Board, may clarify any other provisions in this MOU except this subsection. This substantive portion of this subsection shall be restated in the bylaws.
- 13. The Foundation shall consult with a professional investment advisor to adopt a Foundation investment policy that will seek to assure that the Foundation's investments are appropriate, prudent, and consistent with best practices for investments of public funds. The investment policy shall be designed to meet the Foundation's long and short-term goals.
- 14. The Foundation and any Foundation supervised entity may receive funds including stocks, bonds, real property and cash in addition to the proceeds of the Litigation. These additional funds shall be subject only to the limitations, if any, contained in the individual award, grant, donation, gift, bequest or deposit consistent with the mission of the foundation.

E. Settlement Negotiations

- 1. All Members of the Negotiating Committee, and their respective representatives, shall be notified of and provided the opportunity to participate in all negotiations relating to any Ohio-specific Settlement with a Pharmaceutical Supply Chain Participant.
- 2. No Settlement Proposal can be accepted for presentation to Local Governments or the State under this MOU over the objection of any of the three Members of the Negotiating Committee. The Chair shall poll the Committee Members at the conclusion of discussions of any potential settlement proposal to determine whether such objections exist. Although multiple individuals may be present on a Member's behalf, for polling purposes each Member is a single entity with a single voice.
- 3. Any Settlement Proposal accepted by the Negotiating Committee shall be subject to approval by Local Governments and the State.
- 4. As this is an "All Ohio" effort, the Committee shall be Chaired by the Attorney General. However, no one member of the Negotiating Committee is authorized to

speaking publicly on behalf of the Negotiating Committee without consent from the other Committee Members.

5. The State of Ohio, the PEC or the Local Governments may withdraw from coordinated Settlement discussions detailed in this Section upon 5 days' written notice to the remaining Committee Members and counsel for any affected Pharmaceutical Supply Chain Participant. The withdrawal of any Member releases the remaining Committee Members from the restrictions and obligations in this Section.
6. The obligations in this Section shall not affect any Party's right to proceed with trial or, within 30 days of the date upon which a trial involving that Party's claims against a specific Pharmaceutical Supply Chain Participant is scheduled to begin, reach a case specific resolution with that particular Pharmaceutical Supply Chain Participant.

Acknowledgment of Agreement

We the undersigned have participated in the drafting of the above Memorandum of Understanding including consideration based on comments solicited from Local Governments. This document has been collaboratively drafted to maintain all individual claims while allowing the State and Local Governments to cooperate in exploring all possible means of resolution. Nothing in this agreement binds any party to a specific outcome. Any resolution under this document will require acceptance by the State of Ohio and the Local Governments.

FOR THE STATE OF OHIO:

Mike DeWine, Governor

Dave Yost, Attorney General

FOR THE LOCAL GOVERNMENTS AND
PLAINTIFFS' EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE:

Frank L Gallucci III
Plevin & Gallucci Co., LPA

Anthony J. Majestro
Powell & Majestro PLLC

Michelle Kranz
Zoll & Kranz, LLC

Donald W. Davis, Jr.
Brennan, Manna & Diamond, LLC

Joe Rice
Motley Rice, LLC

Russell Budd
Baron & Budd, PC

Robert R. Miller
Oths, Heiser, Miller, Waigland
& Clagg, LLC

D. Dale Seif, Jr.
Seif & McNamee, LLC

James Lowe
Lowe, Eklund & Wakefield Co., LPA

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Dustin Herman
Spangenberg, Shibley & Liber LLP

Kevin M. Butler
Law Offices of Kevin M. Butler

We the undersigned ACCEPT / REJECT (Circle One) the One Ohio Memorandum of Understanding (“MOU”). We understand that the purpose of this MOU is to permit collaboration between the State of Ohio and Local Governments to explore and potentially effectuating earlier resolution of the Opioid Litigation against Pharmaceutical Supply Chain Participants. We also understand that an additional purpose is to create an effective means of distributing any potential settlement funds obtained under this MOU between the State of Ohio and Local Governments in a manner and means that would promote an effective and meaningful use of the funds in abating the opioid epidemic throughout Ohio.

OHIO ABATEMENT STRATEGIES

Opioid-Related Definition:

Funds from any settlement dollars should be used to prevent, treat and support recovery from addiction including opioids and/or any other co-occurring substance use and/or mental health conditions which are all long-lasting (chronic) diseases that can cause major health, social, and economic problems at the individual, family and/or community level.

Ohio Abatement Strategy Overview

Similar to and including many national settlement strategies, to abate addiction in Ohio, we have created an abatement plan that includes three main components that will work collaboratively to address Ohio's needs and also serve as a complement to and should be integrated with all other state and local government plans:

1. **Strategies for Community Recovery:** Included but not limited to prevention, treatment, recovery support and community recovery projects (examples include child welfare, law enforcement strategies and other infrastructure supports). These strategies have a hyper-local focus that allows communities to collaborate and expand necessary services to their community.
2. **Strategies for Statewide Innovation & Recovery:** Included but are not limited to strategies included in Community Recovery Component but also projects that promote statewide change and regional development for prevention, treatment, recovery supports and community recovery (examples include regional treatment hubs, drug task forces, data collection and dissemination). This component also includes research and development to understand how to better serve individuals and families in Ohio.
3. **Strategies for Sustainability:** Ohio's addiction and mental health epidemic was not created overnight, and it will not go away immediately. By collaborating to share resources and knowledge, Ohio's state and local communities can build a sustainable financing strategy and infrastructure to reverse the damage that has been done and prevent future epidemics and crises.

PART ONE: Community Recovery

Treatment

Expanding availability of treatment, including Medication-Assisted Treatment (MAT), for OUD and any co-occurring substance use or mental health condition.

Trauma-informed treatment services and support for individuals, their children and family members who have experienced trauma during their lives including trauma as a result of addiction in the family.

Expand access and support infrastructure developments for telemedicine / telehealth services to increase access to OUD treatment, including MAT, as well as counseling, psychiatric support, and other treatment and recovery support services.

Improve oversight and quality assurance of Opioid Treatment Programs (OTPs) to assure evidence-informed practices such as adequate methadone dosing.

Engage non-profits and faith community to uncover and leverage current community faith-based prevention, treatment and recovery support in partnership with medical and social service sectors.

Expand culturally appropriate services and programs that address health disparities in treatment for persons with mental health and substance use disorders, including for programs for vulnerable populations (i.e. homeless, youth in foster care, etc.); citizens of racial, ethnic, geographic and socio-economic differences, and new Americans to ensure that all Ohioans have access and treatment and recovery support services that meet their needs.

Development of National Treatment Availability Clearinghouse – Fund development of a multistate/nationally accessible database whereby healthcare providers can list locations for currently available in-patient and out-patient OUD treatment services that are both timely and accessible to all persons who seek treatment.

Ensure that each patient's needs and treatment recommendations are determined by a qualified clinical professional. Offer training and practice support to clinicians on the American Society of Addiction Medicine (ASAM) levels of care (or other models) and the most effective methods of treatment continuation between levels of care for people with addiction including opioids and any other co-occurring substance use or mental health conditions and make all levels of care available to all Ohioans.

Early Intervention and Crisis Support

Fund the expansion, training and integration of Screening, Brief Intervention and Referral to Treatment (SBIRT) and Screening, Treatment Initiation and Referral (STIR) programs and ensure that healthcare providers are screening for addiction and other risk factors and know how to appropriately counsel and treat (or refer if necessary) a patient for mental health and substance use disorders.

Support work of Emergency Medical Systems, including peer support specialists, to effectively connect individuals to treatment or other appropriate services following an opioid overdose or other opioid-related adverse event.

Create an intake and call center to facilitate education and access to treatment, prevention and recovery services for persons with addiction including opioids and any co-occurring substance use or mental health conditions.

Create a plan to meet the distinct needs of families of children and youths who experience severe emotional disorders and provide respite and support for these caregivers to reduce family crisis and promote treatment.

Create community-based intervention services for families, youth, and adolescents at-risk for addiction including opioids and any co-occurring substance use or mental health conditions.

Create school-based contacts who parents can engage with to seek immediate treatment services for their child.

Develop best practices on addressing individuals with addiction in the workplace, including opioids and any other co-occurring substance use or mental health conditions.

Implement and support assistance programs for healthcare providers with OUD and any co-occurring substance use disorders or mental health (SUD/MH) conditions.

Address the Needs of Criminal-Justice Involved Persons

Address the needs of persons involved in the criminal justice system who have opioid use disorder (OUD) and any co-occurring substance use disorders or mental health (SUD/MH) conditions.

Support pre-arrest diversion and deflection strategies for persons with addiction including opioids and any other co-occurring substance use or mental health conditions, including established strategies such as sequential intercept mapping and other active outreach strategies such as the Drug Abuse Response Team (DART) or Quick Response Team (QRT) models or other co-responder models that engage people not actively engaged in treatment.

Support pre-trial services that connect individuals with addiction including opioids and any other co-occurring substance use or mental health conditions to evidence-informed treatment, including MAT, and related services.

Support treatment and recovery courts for persons with addiction including opioids and any other co-occurring substance use or mental health conditions, but only if these problem-solving courts provide referrals to evidence-informed treatment, including MAT.

Provide evidence-informed treatment, including MAT, evidence-based psychotherapies, recovery support, harm reduction, or other appropriate services to individuals with addiction

including opioids and any other co-occurring substance use or mental health conditions who are incarcerated, on probation, or on parole.

Provide evidence-informed treatment, including MAT, evidence-based psychotherapies, recovery support, harm reduction, or other appropriate re-entry services to individuals with addiction including opioids and any other co-occurring substance use or mental health conditions who are leaving jail or prison or who have recently left jail or prison.

Support critical time interventions (CTI), particularly for individuals living with dual-diagnosis substance use disorder/serious mental illness, and services for individuals who face immediate risks and service needs and risks upon release from correctional settings.

Mother-Centered Treatment and Support

Finance and promote evidence-informed treatment, including MAT, recovery, and prevention services for pregnant women, post-partum mothers, as well as those who could become pregnant and have addiction including opioids and any other co-occurring substance use or mental health conditions.

Training for obstetricians and other healthcare personnel who work with pregnant women or post-partum women and their families regarding treatment for addiction including opioids and any other co-occurring substance use or mental health conditions.

Invest in measures to address Neonatal Abstinence Syndrome, including prevention, care for addiction and education programs.

Fund child and family supports for parenting women with addiction including opioids and any co-occurring substance use or mental health conditions.

Enhanced family supports and childcare services for parents receiving treatment for addiction including opioids and any co-occurring substance use or mental health conditions.

Recovery Support

Identify and support successful recovery models including but not limited to: college recovery programs, peer support agencies, recovery high schools, sober events and community programs, etc.

Provide technical assistance to increase the quantity and capacity of high-quality programs that model and support successful recovery.

Training and development of procedures for government staff to appropriately interact and provide social and other services to current and recovering opioid users. To reduce stigma and to normalize a culture of recovery, government staff will be provided with onboarding and training that generates a cultural shift and provides all government employees with tool and resources to feel supported and to support colleagues who may be struggling with substance use disorder.

Convene community conversations and trainings that engage non-profits, civic clubs, the faith-based community, and other stakeholders in training and techniques for providing referrals and supports to those persons to family and friends struggling with substance use disorder.

Identify and address transportation barriers to permit consistent participation in treatment and recovery support.

Support the development of recovery-friendly environments in all sectors, schools, communities and workplaces to promote and sustain health and wellness goals. Put resources toward:

1. Supportive and recovery housing;
2. Supportive employment/jobs;
3. Certification of peer coaches, peer-run recovery organizations, recovery community organizations;
4. Crisis intervention and relapse prevention; and
5. Services and structures that support young people living a life in recovery including, recovery high schools and collegiate recovery communities.

Prevention

Invest in school-based programs that have demonstrated effectiveness in preventing drug misuse and that appear promising to prevent the uptake and use of opioids. Investment in school and community-based prevention efforts and curriculum that has demonstrated effectiveness in reducing Adverse Childhood Events (ACEs) and their impact by increasing resiliency, and preventing risk-taking, unhealthy or dangerous behaviors such as: drug use, misuse, early alcohol use, and suicide attempts.

Assist coalitions and community stakeholders in aligning state, federal, and local resources to maximize procurement of school and community education curricula, programs and campaigns for students, families, school employees, school athletic programs, parent-teacher and student associations, aging and elderly community members and others in an effort to build a comprehensive prevention and education response that addresses prevention across the lifespan.

Invest in environmental scans and school surveys to identify effective prevention efforts and realign prevention and treatment responses with those emerging risk factors and changing patterns of substance misuse.

Fund community anti-drug coalitions that engage in drug prevention efforts and education.

Prevent Over-Prescribing of Opioids and Other Drugs of Potential Misuse

Training for healthcare providers regarding safe and responsible opioid prescribing, dosing, and tapering patients off opioids.

Continuing Medical Education (CME) on prescribing of opioids and other drugs of concern.

Support for non-opioid pain treatment alternatives, including training providers to offer or refer patients to multi-modal, evidence-informed treatment of pain.

Development and implementation of a National Prescription Drug Monitoring Program (PDMP) – Fund development of a multistate/national PDMP that permits information sharing while providing appropriate safeguards on sharing of private health information, including but not limited to: a. Integration of PDMP data with electronic health records, overdose episodes, and decision support tools for healthcare providers relating to opioid use disorder (OUD) and other drugs of concern.

Prevent Overdose Deaths and Other Harms (Harm Reduction)

Increase availability and distribution of naloxone and other drugs that treat overdoses for use by first responders, persons who have experienced an overdose event, patients who are currently prescribed opioids, families, schools, community-based service providers, social workers, and other members of the general public.

Promote and expand naloxone strategies, which work to ensure that individuals who have received naloxone to reverse the effects of an overdose are then engaged and retained in evidence-based treatment programs.

Provide training and education regarding naloxone and other drugs that treat overdoses for first responders, persons who have experienced an overdose event, patients who are currently prescribed opioids, families, schools, and other members of the general public.

Develop data tracking software and applications for overdoses/naloxone revivals.

Invest in evidence-based and promising comprehensive harm reduction services and centers, including mobile units, to include; syringe services, supplies, naloxone, staffing, space, peer-support services, and access to medical and behavioral health referrals.

Expand access to testing and treatment for infectious diseases such as HIV and Hepatitis C resulting from intravenous opioid use.

Services for Children

Review the continuum of services available to Ohio's youths, young adults, and families to identify gaps and to ensure timely access to appropriate care for Ohio's youngest citizens and their parents.

Fund additional positions and services, including supportive housing and other residential services to serve children living apart from custodial parents and/or placed in foster care due to custodial opioid use.

Expand collaboration among organizations meeting the prevention, treatment, and recovery needs of Ohio's young people and organizations serving youths, such as Boys & Girls Clubs, YMCAs and others. Support the growth of recovery high schools, collegiate recovery communities, and alternative peer groups for youths recovering from mental illness and substance use disorders.

First Responders (EMS, Firefighters, Law Enforcement and other criminal justice professionals)

Provide funds for first responders and criminal justice professionals and participating subdivisions for cross agency/department collaboration and other public safety expenditures relating to the opioid epidemic that address both community and statewide supply and demand reduction strategies including criminal interdiction efforts.

Training public safety officials and responders safe-handling practices and precautions when dealing with fentanyl or other drugs.

Provide trauma-informed resiliency training and support that address compassion fatigue and increased suicide risk of public safety responders.

Workforce

Fellowships for addiction medicine specialists for direct patient care, instructors, and clinical research for treatments.

Scholarships/loan forgiveness for persons to become certified addiction counselors, licensed alcohol and drug counselors, licensed clinical social workers, and licensed mental health counselors practicing in the SUD/MH field, and scholarships for certified addiction counselors, licensed alcohol and drug counselors, licensed clinical social workers, and licensed mental health counselors practicing in the SUD/MH field for continuing education licensing fees.

Funding for clinicians to obtain training and a waiver under the federal Drug Addiction Treatment Act to prescribe MAT for opioid use disorders.

Training for healthcare providers, students, and other supporting professionals, such as peer recovery coaches/recovery outreach specialists to support treatment and harm reduction.

Dissemination of accredited web-based training curricula, such as the American Academy of Addiction Psychiatry's Provider Clinical Support Service-Opioids web-based training curriculum and motivational interviewing.

PART TWO: Statewide Innovation & Recovery

Leadership, Planning and Coordination

Provide resources to fund the oversight, management, and evaluation of abatement programs and inform future approaches.

Community regional planning to identify goals for opioid reduction and support efforts or to identify areas and populations with the greatest needs for prevention, treatment, and/or services.

A government dashboard to track key opioid/and addiction-related indicators and supports as identified through collaborative community processes.

Provide funding for grant writing to assist already established community coalitions in securing state and federal grant dollars for capacity building and sustainability.

Stigma Reduction, Training and Education

Commission statewide campaigns to address stigma against people with mental illness and substance use disorders. Stigma and misinformation deeply embed the deadly consequences of Ohio's public health crisis. These prevent families from seeking help, fuel harmful misperceptions and stereotypes in Ohio communities, and can discourage medical professionals from providing evidence-informed consultation and care. Ohio's campaign to end stigma should include chronic disease education; evidence-based prevention, treatment, and harm reduction strategies; stories of recovery; and a constant reframing of mental illness and addiction from a personal moral failing to a treatable chronic illness.

Coordinate public and professional training opportunities that expand the understanding and awareness of adverse childhood experiences (ACEs) and psychological trauma, effective treatment models, and the use of medications that aid in the acute care and chronic disease management of both mental illness and addiction.

Strengthen the citizen workforce by providing community-based trainings, such as Mental Health First Aid, Crisis Intervention Training, naloxone administration, and suicide prevention. These best practice trainings should be allowable as Continuing Education Units for professional development and when offered in an educational setting, provide academic credit.

Development and dissemination of new accredited curricula, such as the American Academy of Addiction Psychiatry's Provider Clinical Support Service Medication-Assisted Treatment.

Training for emergency room personnel treating opioid overdose patients on post-discharge planning. Such training includes community referrals for MAT, recovery case management and/or support services.

Public education relating to drug disposal.

Drug take-back disposal or destruction programs.

Public education relating to emergency responses to overdoses.

Public education relating to immunity and Good Samaritan laws.

Educating first responders regarding the existence and operation of immunity and Good Samaritan laws.

Invest in public health education campaigns that inform audiences about the ease of contraction of hepatitis C, and that engage persons at-risk to receive testing and treatment.

Convene and host community conversations and events that engage local non-profits, civic clubs, and the faith-based community as a system to support prevention.

Fund programs and services regarding staff training, networking, and practice to improve staff capability to abate the opioid crisis.

Support infrastructure and staffing for collaborative cross-systems coordination to prevent opioid misuse, prevent overdoses, and treat those with addiction including opioids and/or any other co-occurring substance use and/or mental health conditions (e.g. behavioral health prevention, treatment, and recovery services providers, healthcare, primary care, pharmacies, PDMPs).

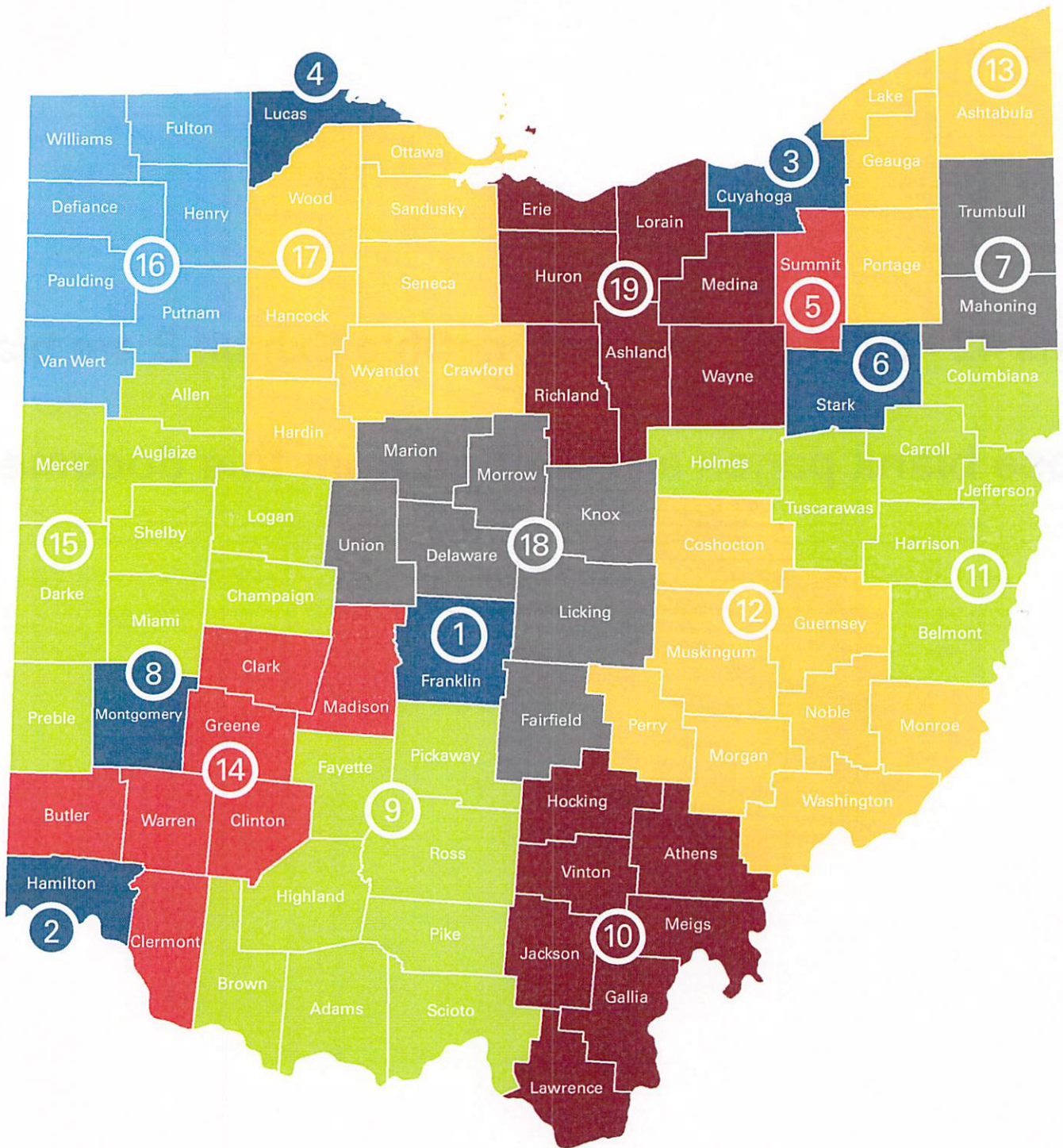
Support community-wide stigma reduction regarding accessing treatment and support for persons with substance use disorders.

RESEARCH

Ensuring that funding is flexible to invest in short and long-term research and innovation projects that embrace new advances, technology and other strategies that meet the needs of Ohioans today and in the future.

**Pages 42 - 82 of the original OneOhio Exhibit B are blank.
Those blank pages are omitted from this document.**

Regional Breakdown



Region	Regional Allocation With Summit and Cuyahoga County	Regional Allocation Without Summit and Cuyahoga County
Region 01	10.321850%	11.352740%
Region 02	8.525440%	9.376910%
Region 03	9.435460%	3.685690%
Region 04	4.275780%	4.702820%
Region 05	4.946690%	2.145470%
Region 06	2.452670%	2.697630%
Region 07	5.117580%	5.628690%
Region 08	7.452290%	8.196580%
Region 09	4.885790%	5.373750%
Region 10	2.534090%	2.787170%
Region 11	2.973060%	3.269990%
Region 12	2.052720%	2.257740%
Region 13	4.401160%	4.840720%
Region 14	12.756300%	14.030320%
Region 15	3.421220%	3.762910%
Region 16	1.166070%	1.282540%
Region 17	2.857140%	3.142490%
Region 18	4.247200%	4.671380%
Region 19	6.177480%	6.794450%
Grand Total	100%	100%